

GOMEZ PLEADS

He Criticizes Cleveland's Message on Cuba.

WANTS RECOGNITION OF WORLD

Exclusive Motto Is Absolute Independence.

He Says Cuba's Place is Among Free Nations—Purpose is to Establish Democratic Republic.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—General Maximo Gomez has given a statement to the Herald in which he discusses the message of President Cleveland on the Cuban situation. He says: "Our declarations at the time the manifesto was issued at Monte Cristo have been reaffirmed in every other document published since, and the world at large and the American people particularly have been made acquainted with our motives and aspirations.

"We have not asked Spain to grant that which could never satisfy us. The false assumption on which President Cleveland bases his statements should be no obstacle in the way of the constituted powers of the world in recognizing our belligerency or our independence and granting to Cuba the place which legitimately belongs to her among the free nations of the world.

"This declaration I make to the world at large, and especially to those who show interest in our behalf, that they may see no hindrance where there is none in granting us recognition. Such recognizing is due us in the name of humanity, right and justice, even if it is not indispensable to the final triumph of our cause. We would welcome it if accorded us in the way tending to the honor and future advantage of the Cuban republic. Let this be borne in mind by those whose sympathies are with us and who are willing to lend us their support from any quarter of the globe. Let this be borne in mind by Americans whose goods are offered us, as well as by all Cubans.

"In conclusion, let one and all bear in mind that our only and exclusive motto is the absolute independence of Cuba, and that our only purpose is the establishment of a democratic, free and sovereign republic. M. GOMEZ."

SEARLES QUESTIONED.

Lexow Committee Wishes to Know About Stock Increase.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Feb. 18.—The legislature committee investigating the trusts and monopolies in this State resumed its inquiry this morning. Mr. Searles was on hand early and his examination was continued. Mr. Searles said there was very little profit in the business for five years before the trust was formed and denied that there was a sevenfold capitalization of the stock after the consolidation of the refineries.

He acknowledged that consumers had not received the full benefit of the decrease in the price of raw material. He said that the American Sugar Refining Company was not a monopoly or a quasi-monopoly in any sense of the word; that it was formed in the interest of the consumer and that there was no reason why the State should interfere with its business in any particular.

In reply to another question Mr. Searles said that he believed there was as much labor if not more employed now than before the consolidation.

Lawyer Fuller was then recalled as an expert and said that the sugar trust was formed to reduce expenses, and there was more machinery in use now than when it was formed, consequently less men.

Mr. Searles said that the price of sugar was fixed by the daily state of the market and not by the refining company. He explained that the quality rate book accepted by the grocers and the companies only dealt with the freight. This contrast, the witness admitted, was to stamp out competition, but was equally for the benefit of the grocer and the consumer, because sugar was sold to everybody at the same price.

In reply to another question the witness denied that the company could close all the factories in any State and still be able to supply the country, also that there was a special sum set aside for supporting idle refineries.

Senator Lexow wanted the witness to admit that under the code of rules adopted by the wholesale grocers the American Sugar Refining Company controlled the price of sugar all over the country, but Mr. Searles could not see it in that way.

The witness said that there were about 3000 shareholders when the or-

iginal American Sugar Refining Company was formed. There were about 9000 now. The stock before the consolidation was in the hands of a few private people and the great public could not gain access to it.

The following is the capital stock of the fifteen original companies that composed the sugar trust, according to the witness: Havemeyer & Elder \$500,000, Dick & Meyer \$200,000, De Costo \$250,000, Moller & Siers \$120,000, Orynaud \$100,000, F. O. Matheson & Wiechers \$400,000, Brooklyn \$300,000, Havemeyer \$1,000,000, Forest City \$300,000, Boston \$650,000, Standard \$1,000,000, Bay State \$225,000, St. Louis \$750,000, Louisiana \$450,000, Planters \$250,000.

CLEVELAND'S FAREWELLS.

Last Public Evening Reception at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The last evening reception of this Administration was given by the resident and Mrs. Cleveland at the White House tonight. It was held for the benefit of the general public.

The crowd was a record breaker in point of attendance, it being estimated that between 5000 and 6000 people had been in line during the two hours of the reception. Many persons stood in line for hours before reaching the doors of the White House. The members of the Cabinet and their wives, besides a number of friends were members of the receiving party. Notwithstanding passed off in an excellent manner. General Wilson and Lieutenant Gilmore made the introductions and the Marine band furnished the music. After the reception the receiving party enjoyed a luncheon before separating.

ADMIRAL CALHOUN DEAD

End Came at His Washington Residence of Heart Failure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Rear-Admiral Edmund R. Calhoun, retired, died of heart failure tonight at his residence here, aged 75. He appeared well and hearty almost up to the moment he was stricken, and passed away before a physician could be summoned.

Rear-Admiral Calhoun served valiantly in the Mexican and Civil Wars. In 1861-62 he commanded the steamer Hunchback of the North Atlantic blockading squadron, and participated in several engagements. In 1863 he commanded the Ladona, and afterward the monitor Wehawken of the South Atlantic blockading squadron was under his charge.

In 1879-80 he was commandant at Mare Island Navy Yard, and was inspector of vessels in California at the time of his retirement in 1882. He leaves a widow and four children.

MORE EARTHQUAKES.

Mexican Town Has Shocks for Three Months.

COLIMA, Mexico, Feb. 18.—The people of this vicinity were treated to a shaking up last Saturday which for a time set almost the entire population to praying. An earthquake, which lasted ten seconds, was followed at intervals of two or three minutes by others of shorter duration for more than an hour. The cathedral tower perceptibly rocked, and it seemed for a time as if a disaster was certain. The streets were filled with people on their knees, while the priests did their utmost to console and pacify them.

The shocks were very distinct and seemed to run from north to south. The local papers gave the item four lines and said that "no lamentable disaster occurred." During the past three months there have been but six days when shocks have not been increasing in intensity.

HARVARD-YALE ATHLETICS.

Complete Reconciliation: Effected by Camp and Brooks

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 14.—Harvard and Yale have at last signed a definite treaty and a complete athletic reconciliation has been effected. Walter Camp and William A. Brooks, Jr. drew up the agreement last evening, but it was not signed until this noon. It provides for baseball, football and track athletics to be agreed to by the undergraduate managers, and for an arbitration committee in case of a disagreement. As to the boat race this year Cornell appears to hold the key to the situation.

The signing of the agreement puts an end to a long suspense and will be received with great relief. The plan is tacitly that which Harvard presented to Yale months ago, but which without being actually refused, was strongly objected to. Every one in Cambridge is delighted.

Under the terms of the agreement there are to be annual contests in rowing, baseball, football and track and field between the representative organizations of Harvard and Yale until the year 1902. A committee is to be appointed on or before April 1, 1897, to consist of one graduate of each university to whom shall be referred all disagreements in any way relating to the contests and all questions

of eligibility. The decision of the committee is to be final.

In case of a disagreement between members of the committee it shall have power to call upon a third party to settle the particular question in dispute.

Yale is willing to make a third party in the Harvard-Cornell race an agreeable compromise in 1897 if Harvard so desires. It is understood that the first baseball game will be played in Cambridge on June 25th, which is the day before class day, with the second at New Haven on June 30th. If a third game is necessary it will be played a week later. The track athletic games will occur at New Haven on May 15th.

SALOONS MUST GO.

Washington Legislating Them Out of Existence.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 16.—Washington is on the verge of wiping out all of her saloons and wholesale liquor houses by adopting a prohibitory law similar to that governing the sale of liquors in South Carolina. The dispensary law known as the Cline bill passed the House today by a vote of 47 ayes to 30 nays, much to the surprise of the House itself. The measure was supported by nearly all the middle-of-the-road Populists and by a few silver Republicans. The proposed law puts full control of the liquor traffic in the hands of the Governor, but eliminates from the South Carolina law the profit system. The Governor appoints a State Commission which in turn appoints county commissioners and they appoint local dispensers, all liquor being handled through the State commission with a sufficient profit attached to pay all expenses of the different boards and dispensaries. No liquor is to be sold at retail to be drunk upon the premises and minors or drunks are prohibited from receiving it. It is to be sold only in quantities not less than half a pint nor more than five gallons. The promoters are confident the measure will pass the Senate.

The House today passed a bill for a constitutional amendment to submit the initiative and referendum system for the control of elections. The Senate today passed a bill providing for a bounty on sugar.

VOLCANO IN ERUPTION.

Fire, Smoke and Ashes Spout from Mexican Crater.

TEPIC, Mexico, February 18.—The seismic disturbances which have been felt for the last three months along the coast have been much more pronounced during the past week and Saturday the old volcano of Ceboruco began an active eruption. This was one of the smaller volcanoes and has never, in the memory of man, done much damage. The fires have never died out, and there have always been smoke and noxious gases arising from the crater, and numerous blow holes.

The first indication of renewed activity came Saturday at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when a sharp earthquake shock startled the people of Tepec. Almost immediately afterward clouds of smoke and ashes spouted from the crater and continued during the rest of the day. Saturday night the display was very beautiful from the reflection of internal fires, but by Sunday night the disturbance had again died down and only a thin cloud of bluish-gray smoke ascended from the crater.

EMIR OF NUPE SATISFIED.

Defeated African Monarch Suing for Peace.

BRASS, West Africa, Feb. 16.—The campaign conducted by the expedition of the Royal Niger Company against the Emir of Nupe is practically at an end. Daily excursions from Bida, the Fulah capital, prove that the enemy is disorganized, and that the Fulahs have dispersed in all directions. The Emir of Nupe and his leaders are suing for peace.

Chess-Player Dead.

LONDON, Eng., Feb. 21.—The Daily Mail has a dispatch from Paris stating that Steinitz, the chess-player, has died at Dr. Morosoff's institute, in Moscow, to which he was recently taken after losing his mental balance. He held the position of champion chess-player of the world from 1866 until 1894, when he was beaten by Lasker.

To Pay Sugar Bounty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Senator Thurston today offered an amendment appropriating \$1,085,156 to pay producers of sugar the balance on their claims audited and allowed under the sugar bounty provisions of the McKinley tariff act.

Explanation Demanded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.—Secretary Olney has demanded in Havana and in Madrid a full explanation of the death of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, who was secretly arrested on a charge of

complicity in leading a band of Spanish troops.

Ruiz was said to have been a naturalized American citizen. He died in jail under suspicious circumstances. Other prisoners said he was murdered, but the Spanish authorities insist that he committed suicide.

It is said at the State Department that Ruiz's naturalization was not wholly uncontested; in his naturalization papers, as a matter of fact, have not yet been found



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Were
About
To Go By

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Hawaiian Gazette

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

TUESDAY MARCH 9, 1897.

LESS PESSIMISM—MORE PROGRESS.

Ouida the novelist, who has lately taken to writing on social questions, has penned a letter to Secretary Olney in which she protests against the clause in the immigration bill which requires those coming to the United States to be able to read. She says that to bar the illiterate Italians will be to keep out the better classes and let in street gamins and others who have been "corrupted by the trumpery education of the schools." She cites an instance within her own experience of a servant, who could neither read nor write but was the pink of perfect honesty and loyalty to his employer. She would not trust an educated man.

This argument is something on the plan of the old farmer's idea who didn't want his boy "educated" because he would then be able to read dime novels. Ouida

would evidently accept the logical fallacy: a hen is a biped: a man is a biped, therefore a man is a hen. We would naturally suppose that a woman of Ouida's fame would not speak of the corruption of trumpery education, yet we find the same inconsistencies which she presents cropping out among all classes and conditions of men. Even within our own borders in the discussion relating to the importation of more intelligent labor to gather our staple product, we find nine out of ten remarking that a trial has once been made and it was a failure, therefore all trials will be failures.

If this pessimistic view of our industrial experiments is to obtain now and henceforth the time will soon come when the average white man will consider an attempt to exist in this country, a failure.

The influence of the men who meet every new departure with the assertion that "it can't be done in this country" is already coming into bold relief in its effect upon the country both at home and abroad. A temporary loss of a few dollars has blinded the eyes of the majority to the rocks toward which they have been steering; education as to the true trend of affairs has been placed at a discount. It is never too late to mend, however, and we may inaugurate a policy in relation to our own immigration which will save the nation from the wrath to come. It is about time the "can't-be-done" individual ceased receive so much attention and more of the spirit of distinctly American progress put in the spring of our national boot heel.

PLATT AND CHOATE.

The election, by the Legislature of New York State, of Mr. Platt to the Senate of the United States, instead of Mr. Choate, attracts much attention in that country, because it is a most emphatic illustration of the power of the "boss" in politics.

We have said, that Mr. Platt did the work and got the office, and Mr. Choate did not do the work, and therefore did not get the office. Our position may be understood. Many people take it for granted that human nature is eliminated from political methods. Many good men here, once recommended an incompetent man for office, because they were his friends, and they wanted to help him. The same men would howl with indignation if an incompetent stranger applied for an office.

The theory of putting the "best man" in office is ignored, practi-

cally, by all men. Work and reward go together in this world. The soldier who does the fighting gets the rank. It is not given to some one who would be a great soldier, if he had the chance. The scamp who explores Africa or the North Pole, and risks his life, gets the honors, instead of the eminent scientist who stays at home. Interior and even wicked men, who accomplish something, in all branches of human life, are usually preferred to those who are eminent but do nothing.

There is a large missionary field in politics. "The heathen" are there in vast numbers. They must be educated. It takes time. Mr. Platt takes the time and Mr. Choate does not. Mr. Choate has a theory that on election day, the heathen, under sudden inspiration, will turn a somersault from wickedness into goodness, and line up with the elect, and vote for the "best man." Mr. Platt has a theory that long, continuous, patient work must be done, and that men must be educated in political matters, just as they are educated in the trades and the professions. He becomes the teacher, and then the leader, and is finally elected over the head of the eminent Choate.

When men like Choate will do missionary work too, and live with the political "heathen," they will have some influence in filling offices. Of course, there are exceptions to this general rule.

Mr. Platt is a "boss." But while Mr. Choate was at home, taking large fees, Mr. Platt, in St. Louis, shook his fist at the weak-kneed Republicans, and drove them upon the gold platform. The bankers and merchants of the Empire State prefer the wicked man who has done splendid work, to an eminent man, who can do good work, but is too busy to spend his time at it. There is much human nature lying around us.

THE JUBILEE

In selecting the best method of commemorating Queen Victoria's Jubilee, Truth (London) says, there is much difference of opinion about it, but that it is quite evident that each person, in Great Britain, feels that the best commemoration would be, to relieve himself of all of his personal grievances.

Tolstoi said: "The wolf looks at the world and thinks, what is all this for but to give me food?" The Englishman says, what is the use of a Jubilee, unless I am pulled out of some trouble? If a man is unhappily married, let the Queen send him a divorce. If he has lost money, let the Queen, or somebody else till his pockets. If he has a personal enemy, let the Queen "skin" him. In other words, let the Jubilee become a personal millennium, in which forty millions of people will, individually, be relieved of their heavy burdens.

No doubt, the gracious Queen would do it, if she could. But she too, has her own heavy burdens, of suffering, disappointment and bereavement, which will not vanish at the touch of the Jubilee wand. To her the words apply, which the eloquent Robert Hall used at the death of the young and exalted Princess Charlotte, "She too belongs to that vast throng, which moves slowly towards the tomb, in which all are distinguished from each other only by their different degrees of wretchedness."

FEMALE SCHOLARS.

The annual report of Radcliffe College, Harvard Annex, shows that women are rapidly becoming serious competitors with men in historical and scientific research.

Miss Irwin, a sister of R. W. Irwin, our Minister in Japan, is the Dean of the faculty, and is an uncommonly able woman, as she should be, for she is the great grand-daughter of Benjamin

Franklin. The fact that women are taking away from men many of the scholarship prizes creates much distress in the souls of the "pee-wits," the little men who run up and down the world trembling with anxiety at the dangerous advancement of women. These men fear petticoat brains, and like to see women chained to the stove, like monkeys to an organ. If the average citizen has the say of it, women would not be allowed to forge ahead. But the highest schools are gradually coming under the influence of liberal men and women, who are exploding the barricades thrown across the pathway of woman's progress.

HAWAII'S OPPORTUNITIES.

An American correspondent writing to this paper, says that he is a born Yankee, with a wife and small family, and was in hopes that he might make his home in Hilo or on one of the coffee plantations nearby. After reading what literature he could obtain on the condition of affairs here, he has decided that he cannot "see his-way clear," that as near as he can make out, there are three classes here: "Rich, professional and a herd of people, especially Japs," and "if a good thing appears the rich will soon have it all in their power." In qualifying the last statement, our correspondent remarks that the same spirit is shown in the United States.

This gentleman is probably one who has read stories of Hawaii, to the effect that all a man has to do to make a living in this country is to plant a banana tree and exist. After reading up a little more he has come to the conclusion that men have to hustle for a living in Hawaii something as they do in other portions of the globe. In this he is not far from right. There is no royal road to wealth in Hawaii, and any one who anticipates such a condition had better stay away. We do take exception, however, to the statement that Hawaii's population is made up solely of the rich, the professional man and a "herd of Japs," and that there is "no show" for the Yankee.

We are ready to admit that no man can go about any portion of this place blindfolded and pick up dollars in the streets, but we can also say that no country offers a better opportunity, and final reward, for honest, earnest and constant labor. Especially is this true in the coffee industry. The pretty homes and coffee areas of Olaa are an evidence of this. Nor do we consider that a man must have the big bank account suggested in the estimate given in the book recently published by the Foreign Office before he can think of making a home in the coffee districts. Whether the rich man gets full control of the coffee business depends entirely upon the activity of the man of moderate means. But our Yankee friend will do his own work and give the same close attention to the development of his land that he does in his native heath he will in the end be entirely independent and make more than a living. On the other hand if he starts in with a grand flourish, borrows money, sits around while Japs do the work, he will suffer the usual fate of the man afraid to work and quick to borrow. There is yet coffee land to spare on these Islands that can be pur-

chased at reasonable price, and the man who takes up the land and cultivates it intelligently will find that the rich will not trouble him, the professional men will do him no harm, and the "herd" is not of such size or character as to injure his prospects of success.

THE SECULAR AND RELIGIOUS PRESS.

The religious press, which is very sensitive in controversy, often charges the secular press with hostility to religion. It says to the secular press: "We are theologians and will supervise man's relations to God; you may supervise his relations to worldly affairs." But the secular press should be, also, the religious press, if the word "religion" is taken in its broadest meaning. So long as the religious press insists on being the wiser teacher, the secular press has the right to challenge its methods and ask it questions, even if they are uncomfortable ones.

Mr. Moody, the greatest

revivalist of modern times, and other revivalists, have organized

revival meetings in Boston. The

liberal pastors, of course, criti-

cise their ways. But Zion's Her-

ald, a Methodist organ, strikes at

these evangelists. It says:

"Evangelist Sam. Jones pours himself out in contemptuous speech, severe sarcasm and vul-

gar wit, in condemnation of the

Christian churches. We regret

to see Mr. Moody is also deeply

tinged with pessimism concerning

ministers and churches; we

have noted with deep regret a

gradual transformation in him."

The New York Observer now

attacks Dr. Lyman Abbott, the

successor of the greatest preach-

er America has produced, and

accuses him of making the Bible

"hardly more than Homer, some-

thing better than Shakespeare,

inspired about as Milton."

This cross firing, these fisticuff

affairs among the religious lead-

ers of the world have a ridicu-

lous side, but the secular press,

representing earnest, thought-

ful, truth-seeking men and wo-

men, who realize that life in this

world, is only a bridge between

the two eternities, has the right

to ask: "Will you never stop

quarreling? What is the reason

that 1900 years after the passion

and agony, you have found no

common pathway? One denomina-

tion constructs a track to-

wards salvation, and the other

denominations pull up the rails

and side-track the cars, filled

with anxious passengers. You

quarrel even over parallel

tracks."

When the secular press earn-

estly asks these questions, the

religious press generally loses

its temper and predicts an etern-

ity of hot gridiron for the in-

quirer. When Mr. Moody, the

greatest of modern revivalists,

whose converts number legions,

says that "if Christ were now to

appear on earth, he would be the

most unwelcome visitor here," the

secular press has a right to ask

about it, and not be told, as if it

were a child: "Stop asking ques-

tions or you will be put to bed."

In every community there are

pastors and men and women

with "welkin wide of soul."

These hate the miserable dis-

putes of sensitive, excited religi-

ous leaders, who talk as if it

were a lie that God "stands be-

hind the shadows keeping watch

above his own."

The secular press, speaking for

all earnest souls, demands that

the religious press give up bick-

ering and work for that celestial

harmony which ought to exist

everywhere.

KE ALOHA AINA LIES.

The Ke Aloha Aina, (native) in

its issue of March 6th has a large

amount of very serious matter on

"the assassination of Liliuokalani."

It is this document on which the story that Mr. Thurston sent the islands for the purpose of killing the ex-Queen; that this was foretold in a dream, which appeared in a former number of the paper. It asserts that Mr. Thurston still intends to kill her.

We give some extracts from a

letter written by one of the ex-

Queen's attendants: "The wives

and daughters of the Senators are

about her all the time, except dur-

ing sleeping hours, just as our peo-

ple do." "We, and all the city of

Washington were startled to re-

ceive a telephone from San Fran-

isco, saying that Thurston had

come to America to (powa) take

the life of the Queen; Washington

was filled with the news, and ex-

pressed love, and offered protec-

tion. Annexation is dead! Its

ashes are scattered in front of the

Capitol." * * * * * "President

Cleveland in the evening of

February 11th, gave his last re-

ception to the representatives of

foreign nations, and all were pre-

sent, except the Minister and Se-

cretary of the Republic of Hawaii.

NOW ITS BASEBALL

Meeting of the League Held Yesterday Noon.

MAUI'S PROPOSITION IS REJECTED

Series of Twenty-One Games Decided on.

Officers Elected To Serve During Ensuing Year—Clubs All to Get Down to Work.

A meeting of the delegates to the Hawaiian Baseball League was held in Bishop's Bank yesterday. Col. J. H. Fisher acted as chairman, in the absence of H. M. Whitney, Jr. The following delegates were present: J. C. Carter, Jr., Harry Wider and Tom Price, of the Stars; A. H. Moore, J. F. O'Connor and Captain Coyne of the First Regiments; James A. Thompson and Pat Gleason of the St. Louis Club.

J. O. Carter, Jr., was elected secretary pro tem. The minutes of the last meeting were read and accepted.

James A. Thompson made an application for the admission of the St. Louis team into the league. Granted.

The following proposition of the Maui Baseball team was read by J. O. Carter, Jr.:

"KAHULUI, Maui, Jan. 25, 1897. Mr. J. O. Carter, Manager Star Baseball Club:

"Dear Sir.—In behalf of the Maui ball players, and as a representative of my team, we put before you and the Honolulu Baseball League a proposition for consideration, as found below:

"That after a most successful meeting, we finally came to the following conclusions:

"That we should form an organization on Maui, consisting of Joe Ross and Akina, as well as other Maulites, and ask permission to enter in the league as a Maui team to represent that island in the great race for baseball honors.

"Below will be found the following conclusions arrived at:

"1. That an organization of a Maui team take place to enter the Honolulu Baseball League.

"2. That the players consist of the old players of the Wailuku Baseball team and several outsiders, to complete the 10.

"3. That we will only join the league on one condition, and this is, reasonable terms, as:

"We ask for one-half of the gate receipts to pay our expenses with.

"4. That we are willing to have the schedule arranged in this manner: That the teams of Honolulu play a game each among themselves, then we will go down and remain three Saturdays and play a game each with the three teams.

"5. That all the games be played in Honolulu, in the league grounds.

"Respectfully yours,

"HARRY C. MOSSMAN,

"Acting for Maui."

On motion of J. A. Thompson the application was rejected.

The following were elected officers of the league, to serve during the ensuing year:

President—H. M. Whitney, Jr.

Vice President—Arthur Coyne.

Secretary and Treasurer—W. C. Wiles, Jr.

Mr. Whitney was elected official umpire for the season of 1897 and was given power to appoint his assistants. Mr. Whitney was also appointed a committee of one to confer with a committee from the association on the matter of gate receipts.

A season of 21 games was agreed on, the first to be played on April 24th between the Stars and First Regiments, and the second on May 1st, between the First Regiments and St. Louis team. The remainder of the schedule will be arranged later by the captains of the three teams.

The baseball rules for 1896 were adopted.

The league will be comprised of only the three teams mentioned in this article.

Fifteen men will be allowed in each team. If a new man comes in when that limit has been reached, it will have to be at the sacrifice of an old one.

The teams will all begin work right away.

The Regiments are not certain as to all the men of their team. G. A. Bowler, A. C. Davis and J. F. O'Connor are practicing for the place of pitcher. F. M. Kelley will probably catch, with J. B. Gorman, third base, as a substitute catcher.

There seems to be general satisfaction among the baseball men that at last some definite action has been taken.

STORM AT SEA.

The Chas. F. Crocker Put into Auckland in Distress.

As a result of the fierceness of the heavy gale which raged along the New Zealand coasts the week before last, a large American four-masted schooner, a type of vessel which is rarely seen in New Zealand waters, made her appearance in port on February 9th in a leaking condition. A representative on board the vessel was courteously received by Captain Pilz, who stated that she was the American four-masted schooner Charles F. Crocker, bound from Newcastle to Honolulu, with a cargo of coal, consigned to Messrs. J.

D. Spreckels Bros & Co., and had put into port leaking, having met with the recent gale off the Bay of Plenty.

At noon of January 29th the spanker was reefed, the wind still increasing, and at 3 p. m. the upper topsail was double-reefed, and a reef put in the main and mizzen sails, and the stay-sail and the jib furled. At 11 p. m. it was blowing very hard. An attempt was then made to furl the topsail, but before this could be done it was blown away. The barometer then stood at 29.8, and steadily falling. The lower topsail was then furled, and while this work was being done the mainsail was carried away. The foretopmast stay-sail was blown clean out of the ropes. The barometer had then fallen to 29.6.

In an endeavor to save the mainsail Captain Pilz was dashed against the mainmast by a sea, and had his ankle considerably injured.

After an experience of many years at sea Captain Pilz says that he never saw such a fearful sea as was running during the time that the gale lasted, there being nothing but a white seething foam as far as could be seen from the deck of the vessel.

The Charles F. Crocker was built at Oakland, Cal., in 1890, and is owned by Mr. M. Olsen and others, of San Francisco. She is 885 tons register, and has on board 1,292 tons coal.

Immediately after his arrival Captain Pilz came on shore and dispatched a cable to his owners, acquainting them of the casualty.—Auckland (N. Z.) Herald.

GROWING COTTON

Commissioner Marsden to Experiment.

Possibly Another Industry will be Built Up—Trade With Japan.

The launching near Pearl City of a cotton-growing experiment, to be carried out on the most approved lines of the Southern States, has revived interest in the subject, one which was given considerable attention in the Islands soon after the American war. It has been found that the finest species of cotton are grown in many flower yards of Honolulu and in the outlying districts. Mr. Tracy has a tree of Sea Island cotton, of fine fiber and superb staple. The tree is several years old and bears continuously. Dr. Emerson has a small tree of herbaceous cotton, the white short-staple product of the South. At Montano's place in Manoa is a tree of Sea Island cotton, which, however, on account of age, perhaps, produces an inferior fiber. This tree has been grown without irrigation. Besides these, many other splendid specimens are now being cultivated in and near the city.

With the quickened interest in the promising industry, there has been a call from all sides at the office of the Commissioner of Agriculture for seed. One of the two bags of fine Sea Island seed, imported from the South by the Pearl City experimenter, and left with the Commissioner, has been distributed and the last one will be opened today. The seed will be given to any one wishing to make bona-fide experiments. Instructions as to cultivation will also be furnished.

Mr. Marsden has become a bit enthusiastic on the subject, and will plant an experiment on a piece of Government land back of Punchbowl. In all probability he will "put in" about two acres. The experiment will be made to establish the distance required by plants, the possibility for successful pruning and the adaptability of the valleys to the product.

The seed now at hand produces the finest cotton known to commerce. It is a glossy, silky fiber with the largest staple grown. On the market it commands twice that of the white, upland species of the United States. From the time of planting to harvest is not more than four months, and it is believed four full crops can be produced in 12 months. If experiments now underway prove what are believed to be facts, the same trees may be utilized continuously for an indefinite number of years. It is believed that the yield here must be three to four times as great as on the islands of the coast of Georgia, and the expense of cultivation much less than there.

Nearly all the machinery for placing cotton on the market is at hand. Mr. A. F. Cooke has, at Irwin, a roller linter, of considerable capacity, for separating the seed from the lint. The balling press is a simple contrivance, and can be manufactured here. As for a market, Honolulu is in the path of an important traffic in the raw product between Texas and the mills of Japan.

The Independence Park pavilion bicycle show of Saturday night, although not as well patronized as it might have been, was a success. The enterprise shown in getting up the exhibition and putting before the public the very latest things in the bicycle line, deserves great credit. The hall was nicely decorated for the occasion, and at the end was a band that has harrassed Marin for many months and made frequent raids on classic Belvedere and exclusive San Rafael.

Said the leader this morning: "The Sausalito ladies are very unkind. They did not like our women, they did not like our children; they asked the officers to make us leave. We will go to Honolulu and tell fortunes and dance and earn dollars."

Sheriff Harrison said that the band that has been making Sausalito its headquarters this winter are a low set and gave so much trouble that a committee of women waited upon him with a request to eject the wanderers, as they pilfered whenever they got a chance and made night hideous across the bay.

The Cleveland booth, to the right, was perhaps the prettiest one in the room. A wheel run by electricity, and a '97 Cleveland racer, together with a wheel suspended above, and decorated with red and blue electric lights by E. F. Dreier, were the principal attractions. Harry Walker did the talking.

The Sterling booth, in charge of Frank Atherton, was a very attractive one. Nearly a dozen of the '97 models of various wheels were on show. There was a Sterling with an 84 gear.

Hairy Wooten's booth, opposite the one devoted to the Cleveland wheels,

There is only one sudden death among women to eight among men.

IMPORTATIONS OF CALIFORNIA WINES AND OF SAKE FOR FEBRUARY, 1896.

	Gallons
Madeira	3,727
Port	2,014
Tokay	825
Angelica	600
Muscated	110
Sherry	431
Claret	396
Zinfandel	276
Cabernet	49
Riesling	118
Sauterne	37
Chambertin	11
Total strong wine (over 11 per cent)	8,900
Total light wine (under 11 per cent)	1,691
Total wine	10,591
Sake (from Japan)	18,672

There is only one sudden death among women to eight among men.

DEXTER A WINNER

Surprises the New Zealanders and Lowers Record.

ODDS AGAINST HIM ON TRIAL

Made Mile in 2:19 on Grass Track Without Bank.

Sent To Wellington to Race With Crackerjacks—Business Good With Team.

The colors of the H. A. A. C., Myrtle Boat Club and Rambler racing team of Honolulu are pretty well at the top in far-off New Zealand.

Ruby Dexter, trained and coached by his old and present partner, Dave Crozier, is riding with the very best bicycle speed merchants of mullet land. The Honolulu boy is holding his own splendidly. Latest reports by letter and in the papers are to the effect that money and honors galore are falling to Ruby. He prepares as carefully as ever, is much stronger than when here, has the same nerve and tenacity, and has learned all the tricks of the track trade that have been developed by the sport-loving New Zealanders.

Dexter, with his mate, Champion "Teddy" Reynolds, has taken part in the championship meet at Wellington. Results of that tourney are not yet known, but it is certain that if Dexter held his latest form shown, he figured with the firsts in several events.

The Honolulu boy had to break a record at Auckland to have his club send him to Wellington. Reynolds had already been selected as the representative, but he wanted Dexter to go along. The club Executive Committee agreed that if Ruby made the mile on the four-lap grass track (no banking) in 2:25, he should accompany Reynolds.

Even bets were made that he would not do it in 2:27.

It was a standing start, and the first quarter was rather slow. Then Ruby put on steam and kept letting out the links till he made the last round at hurricane rate, finishing in 2:19, beating the previous record by 4:3-5 seconds.

Only two men had beaten 2:30. Ruby was the first to break the record.

It was a standing start, and the first

quarter was rather slow. Then Ruby

put on steam and kept letting out the

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FOR THE CHINESE

Opening of the New Hospital at Palama.

SOME INTERESTING ADDRESSES

Hospital Society Pay for New Building.

Need Help for Maintenance Fund. Frank Damon Makes an Address.

The new Chinese Hospital, or Wai Wa Yee Yuen, with its cottages and grounds, were thrown open to the public yesterday afternoon for the first time. It was the occasion of its dedication to the noble work which it will perform from day to day, and an occasion which showed a concentration of the kindly spirit and generosity on the part of the Chinese of the city, the Government and others having the welfare of the Chinese at heart.

There were gathered in the large room on the lower floor a number of the principal Chinese merchants of the city, together with the following foreigners: Chief Justice and Mrs. Judd, Rev. and Mrs. C. M. Hyde, Rev. and Mrs. O. H. Gulick, Rev. and Mrs. Hinam Birmingham, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Damon, Dr. and Mrs. Burgess, Mrs. Whitney, Rev. Sereno Bishop, Mr. W. W. Hall, Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, Rev. Leadingham, Dr. Sloggett, Mr. Henry Waterhouse, Mr. Daniel Logan, Mr. Horace Wright, Mr. Cecil Brown, Mr. Payne, Mr. Lansing, Mr. Burgess, Rev. Mr. Lewis, J. S. Walker and Mr. Lose.

The room was prettily decorated with flowers, and chairs were conveniently set for the visitors of the afternoon.

The Hawaiian Band, station'd on the veranda outside, played the Doxology and two popular selections afterwards. A little later Mr. Goo Kim, Chinese Commercial Agent, arose and announced Rev. Mr. Lin, who gave the opening prayer. This was followed by a hymn in Chinese by a number of Chinese boys and ladies.

The Scripture reading by Rev. Wong was followed by the following excellent address by Mr. Frank Damon:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: I have been asked to say a few words this afternoon, on an occasion which marks another point of attainment in the progressive and upward life of our cosmopolitan community. To this request I most willingly respond in view of the worthy cause which has called us together and the noble possibilities of aid and benefit to the sick and suffering, which are here suggested. Our city is highly favored, in the opportunities which are offered, from time to time, of witnessing gatherings where representatives of different nationalities meet, in harmonious union, to pray with prayer and praise some new milestone on the great highway of human development. Perhaps nowhere in the wide world is this more the case than here in this beautiful mid-ocean cayal. A traveler, who had watched our harbor the play of rainbows, which at times makes of Nuuanu Valley a veritable wonder-world of prismatic beauty, once remarked to his host:

"Your land would seem to be under a peculiar covenant."

In many ways is this figurative illustration realized in our civic life and with striking emphasis on such an occasion as this.

It is a privilege to be allowed to express on behalf of our Chinese friends the cordial welcome which this afternoon they extend to all of different nationalities who have here gathered. I am sure, also, that I am voicing the feelings of all their guests in saying that it gives us unalloyed pleasure and satisfaction to witness this splendid expression of their desire to assist the afflicted among their countrymen and trust that their highest expectations will be fully realized.

While this hospital is not in the technical sense a missionary institution, and is under the control of no religious body or denomination, still I most truly believe that the buildings, in which we here meet to dedicate, to the high and sacred service of suffering humanity are an expression, in tangible form of the great onward movement in the life of the race, which receives its supreme impulse from the Divine Founder of Christianity, as formulated in the "Golden Rule." While we should not ignore the fact that under different systems of belief and in many lands, efforts have been made to lighten the burdens which poverty and disease have laid upon the unfortunate; still, it is indisputable that Christianity is predominantly the religion of philanthropy, and while ministering to the soul, proclaims the necessity of healing the body as well. It is, hence, most fitting today that the Divine blessing should be invoked upon this important and beneficent undertaking, and it is significant that our Chinese friends have recognized the value and propriety of this fact. While I would emphasize above all the utterances of all earthly sages the utterances of the Great Healer, it may not here be out of place to refer to the many and inspiring maxims which the leader of Chinese thought, Confucius, has left as a legacy to his countrymen of succeeding generations. Here is one, which might not unlifitingly be carved over the entrance portal of this building. In the "Confucian Analects" it is stated that Fan Ch'ie asked about benevolence. The master said: "It is to love all men." May this spirit ever dwell within these walls!

The results of our Christian civilization, as represented in the different charitable institutions of our city, and of these islands furnish valuable object-teaching for the different race

which have come to us from oriental lands, and this hospital has undoubtedly long & received its inspiration from the helpful forces which have so long been here at work. A Christian and human environment helps greatly in stimulating to higher and better things. I cannot but feel, also, that the magnificent achievements of the medical missionary work in China, during the past 60 or 70 years have added also in the mitigation of this undertaking. One of the Chinese physicians, who has been engaged to assist in the work of the hospital is a graduate, with satisfactory diploma, from the medical training school connected with the great Missionary Hospital of Canton, of which Dr. Kee, that nestor of medical missionaries in China is the head, one of the noblest names inscribed upon the medical records of the world. It is a most interesting fact that this young Chinese gentleman, with his wife, also a graduate of the same school, recently passed a satisfactory examination before the physicians, appointed by our Board of Health to conduct the same, receiving their cordial and appreciative commendation. The rule of the medical missionary has been of untold value in China. The famous pioneer in this department of effort was the Rev. Peter Parker, M. D., who arrived at Canton in 1834. Of him it has been said: "He opened China to the Gospel at the point of the lancet." The hospital at Canton has, during its history, treated hundreds of thousands of patients, and from it have flowed streams of blessing, which cannot be overestimated. Scores of other hospitals have, now arisen, and a noble band of male and female practitioners have come, "in the name of the Master," to minister to the needs of "China's millions." The number of such divinely ordained helpers of humanity is constantly increasing. Schools of medical training are multiplying, and carefully trained physicians are being raised up from the Chinese themselves. The influence of this fine enthusiasm and consecrated skill is reaching in numberless directions, and the Chinese, outside of missionary circles, are beginning to share in this noble work. One of the notable converts to the value of Western medical science is the venerable and distinguished Viceroy Li Hung Chang, whose name is so widely known. May this glorious emulation increase till, throughout that vast and mighty empire, at the bedside of every sufferer, shall be found a sympathetic and skillful ministrant.

To return to our immediate surroundings: As those who have been principally interested in this hospital are not likely to refer to their own share in this undertaking, I cannot omit to call attention to the faithful labors of the different gentlemen, who have so unwearingly labored in its behalf. While all are entitled to receive the warmest thanks of the community and their countrymen, I feel sure that all will rejoice with me today in paying a well-deserved tribute of respect to our honored and esteemed fellow-citizens, Mr. Goo Kim Fui and Mr. Wong Kwei, president and vice president of the United Chinese Society, respectively; Mr. Chu-jem and Mr. Wong Wa Foy, president and vice president of the Hospital Association, and the other officers of these organizations, who have given themselves with such whole-hearted devotion to this work.

It is on such occasions as this when a common interest in the highest welfare of humanity unites us in sympathetic accord that we realize to some extent the glorious conception of a universal brotherhood. May the inspiring lesson of this afternoon's experience abide with us as a stimulus to labor for the more perfect realization of this ideal, for the more complete attainment of this most desirable possibility.

An interesting part of the afternoon's exercises was the presentation of the keys by Mr. Wong Wa Foy, chairman of the Building Committee, to Mr. Goo Kim, president of the United Chinese Society. Mr. Wong Wa Foy said:

"Four months ago I was appointed to superintend the building of this hospital. I went to work at once, and now have the pleasure of seeing a successful close, with everything paid for. The sum of \$4,000, which the building cost, I consider very cheap. I have now the pleasure of handing over to you, Mr. President of the United Chinese Society, the keys of this hospital, feeling that my work is finished, and hoping that all things in connection with it may be entirely satisfactory to all those interested in the welfare of the institution. I now request, Mr. President and officers of the society, that you will relieve me of all further responsibility."

Mr. Goo Kim thanked Mr. Wong Wa Foy for the good work he had done, and then addressed the audience in a few words of English, after which he resorted to his native tongue, giving here and there a word or two of English, so that the foreigners might not lose the thread of thought. His address, as translated and read by L. T. Tsin, was as follows:

Ladies and Gentlemen: It is with sentiments of pride and pleasure that I am here today in the discharge of a duty in which we all take a deep interest; that of the formal opening of this building as a hospital for sick Chinese, to be known as the Wai Wa Yee Yuen, that is to say: A hospital devoted expressly for the benefit of the Chinese.

It is needless for me to remind you that the Chinese have been with you in this fair land for many years, and that at this date they form quite a large and influential part of your population of these islands of the Pacific.

You appreciate, I feel sure, the fact also that our mercantile class, and those who are and have been for some years engaged in developing the fertile and valuable resources of this fortunate-favored country, have invariably found honorable honest and law-abiding residents in your midst. We have ever done our best to respect, maintain and support the Government by contributing largely to the revenues of the State by accepting with similitude the benefits offered by you to us in the education of our children in learning to use our degree, our language, our civilization, customs, and manner of thought and action to

provide for our own poor and sick, and by never being selfish in such charitable matters as may have been properly brought to our notice. We have endeavored to be good citizens with good people in a good country.

For upwards of 20 years the care and treatment of our sick and maimed has received our serious attention. It has been a matter of grave anxiety, to us, as well as of great difficulty, and an expense that can only be appreciated by us who have disbursed the funds entrusted to us for so worthy and brotherly an object.

We have had cause to be often grateful to many in this land who are not allied to us by the kinship of national birth, and especially to the Governments of this country for their timely and kindly assistance in the past.

In this connection I now take the opportunity, on behalf of my associates and fellow-officers of the United Chinese Society, and in the name also, of my fellow countrymen in the Hawaiian Islands, of expressing to the Hawaiian Government their gratitude and great indebtedness for the magnanimous and munificent gift of the land upon which this building now stands in its finished perfection. Without this substantial aid we might have been compelled to wait some years longer for our hospital.

We Chinese have tender and sympathetic memories, and we shall ever treasure in our families, and in our hearts, this kindly and considerate action of the Government of Hawaii. We shall remember it not in idle words alone, but in fruitful deeds and in faithful truth as our own guiding principles are implanted from our childhood in our hearts.

As I do not desire to detain you with details, I will therefore briefly say that this building has been erected by ourselves, and when the first suffering patient enters these doors it will be ready for his reception, and not only will all the expenses for its construction and furnishing have been paid, amounting to \$4,000, but a small balance will remain on the right side to the credit of the Hospital Maintenance Fund.

The management will be under the control of trustees appointed by the United Chinese Society, who will use their best endeavors to give satisfaction to all friends and supporters of this much needed institution.

Following are the officers of the Wai Wa Yee Yuen (meaning hospital devoted expressly to the welfare of the Chinese):

President—Chu Gem.
Vice President—Wong Wa Foy.
Treasurer—Hong Quon.
Secretary—L. T. Tsin.

Chinese Secretary—Hee Chick Sin.

Board of Trustees—Goo Kim, Wong

Kwei, L. Ahlo, Ho Fon, On Jan, Li

Chong, Wong Leong, Y. Ahin, Yun Ki

Ngan, Lum, Lum Chin, Lee Cheong,

Chung Ti, Chung Tui Sun, T. Kat Po,

L. Akau, Cheong Jack Quon, Lum Mai

Tai, Wai Tuck Sun, Chung Wai Nam,

W. S. Akana is the superintendent

and Chan Kok Sun the Chinese physician.

Li Kat Fui, graduate of Dr. Kee's college in Canton, will fill the office of foreign physician.

The following men were in charge of

the building of the hospital: Kan Wing

Chew, superintendent; Wong Wa Foy,

assistant, and Goo Kim, chairman of the committee.



ST. PAUL'S GREAT ICE PALACE.

St. Paul expects to use about 10,000 tons of ice in her great ice palace this season. It will resemble the Pantheon at Athens, and will be therefore of singular architectural beauty. The area covered will be 5,610 square feet. The floor plan is 110 by 230 feet, and the height of the building will be 65 feet. There will be 60 columns, each 32 feet high and 6 feet in diameter. The walls will stand 9 feet behind the pillars and will be 3 feet thick and 40 feet high. The walls on the outer side will be fringed with electric lights.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleider" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Ticking, Re-gattas, Drills, Mosquitos, Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc., IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crepes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT. Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Staff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Moltos, Serge, Kammgarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Bugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles.

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining & Settee Chairs, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc. American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (16 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, Railroad Steel Sleepers.

Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks. Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and Ed-Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by

H. HACKFELD & CO.

W. H. RICE.

Stock Raiser

AND DEALER IN

Live Stock.

—BREEDER OF—

Fine Horses and Cattle

Well-bred Fresh Milk Cows, Young Sussex Bulls, Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses, California and Hawaiian Mules.

FOR SALE.

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams or Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communications to be addressed—

W. H. RICE.

Lihue, Kauai.

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Ulcerated Sores Large, Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face, Cures Scurvy Sores, Cures Cane-cane and other Sores, Cures Old Ulcerated Sores, Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s, 9d, and in cases containing 500 and 1,000 bottles, in the quantity of 100,000 per case.

DRUGS, MEDICINE, VENDORS, THE LION, THE LIONESS, THE WORLD, THE LINCOLN AND MARYANNE, CURRANT, CURRY, LEMON, ETC.

Caution—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture and not any other, imitative substitutes.

1309

AN ARCTIC WINTER

Little Lucy McGuire Tells of Experience on Whaler.

THREE YEARS IN LAND OF AURORA

Dressed Like an Esquimaux.

With Her Uncle on Steamer Alexander—Thermometer 40 Below. Honolulu Good-Enough.

Among the passengers on the Australia last week was Lucy McGuire, daughter of Tom McGuire, the expressman, whose stand is on King street. And Lucy has a little history, even though she has just passed the first year of her teens. The little one has just returned to her island home after

skins for matches and tobacco.

"What did I wear in the winter? Why, heavy flannels or woolens, and my ordinary clothes. Outside of all a deerskin coat to my feet. It was lined with flannel, and I wore a hood lined with wolf-wool and trimmed with wolf-wool. Then I wore Esquimaux boots and deerskin mittens over woolen stockings and gloves. That was in winter. In the summer I wore a short deerskin coat and a felt hat and woolens, trimmed with minx. Hereschel Island is covered with all kinds of flowers—forget-me-nots, poppies and other kinds—and Mr. Warren, one of the men who was killed by a whale, used to take me and Dorothy up the hills to gather the flowers. We had plenty of company at Hereschel, because there were 15 whale ships there, and the captains used to get up entertainments, and we would have lots of fun."

Lucy declares she would not go whaling again, even though she had a big lay. She is going to stay in Honolulu, where deerskin garments are neither fashionable or comfortable, and where she can get an education.

CIRCUIT COURT NEWS

Summer Case Again Brought Up Before Court.

The total expenses of the February term of the Circuit Court, First Circuit, were: Hawaiian jurors, \$330; foreign jurors, \$846; stenographers and interpreters, \$100. Total, \$1,276.

In the case of Alex. K. Aona vs M.

When, however, we come to the estimate of the gross receipts for telegrams, this, we take it, would be far more difficult and uncertain. But whatever the receipts might be at first they would surely grow steadily every year, and if a Government undertook the work, they could do so in the practical certainty that if unremunerative at the outset the line would soon pay a good profit on the working as the population of the Western States of the American Union and the Canadian Dominion grew, and as trade in the Far East with those great countries—now in its infancy—developed. Of course, the line first laid will enjoy the best chance of proving a paying speculation. Communication with the Far East does not enter into the project now being discussed by the conference sitting in London, which is concerned only with communication between Canada and Australia, but if Hawaii were made a station on that line it would naturally be made the starting point for any line that may in the future be laid to connect with the Far East, and this latter line would then constitute a valuable feeder for the first. It appears to us, therefore, that a line from Vancouver to Honolulu, and thence in two sections, one to New Zealand and Australia, and the other to Japan and Hong Kong, would prove the most feasible and useful from a financial and commercial point of view. But let us have the cable and we shall not greatly care from whence it starts on the American side or where it touches en route.

THE PACIFIC CABLE

(Continued from First Page.)

It has just come to light that Otis Spalding of Kauai had a very narrow escape from death on his last trip to his home on the W. G. Hall during the morning of February 4th. The steamer had arrived at the landing place of his home during the early morning. Spalding got his traps ready and went to the side of the vessel to get into the boat. Two passengers before him jumped into the boat and were caught and kept from falling by the native sailors. No such good luck for Otis. He jumped and fell headlong in the boat, striking his forehead violently. In an insensible condition he lay in the boat, and grave fears were entertained as to his recovery.

Mr. Spalding was carried to Kealia, where during the whole of that day he remained in a dazed condition. He was no better on the next day, and for a week he suffered agonies. Slowly he began to get better under his physician's care, and now he is almost well again. It was a case of concussion of the brain with Mr. Spalding.

HORSES INJURED

Two Arrivals by the S. G. Wilder Fare Badly.

Badly Cramped in Their Stalls—One of Them Shot—Capt. McNeill Arrested.

The American barkentine S. G. Wilder, McNeill master, arrived in port Saturday morning with a cargo of general merchandise and five head of fine horses aboard, the latter being consigned to James Macdonald. These were landed at Brewer's wharf.

Out of the injuries of two of the number, sustained on the voyage from San Francisco, has grown a peck of trouble. The other three were in good condition and were taken up town by the owner, but in regard to the remaining two, it was found that they were so frightfully injured by contact with the sides of the stalls that it was found necessary for them to be removed to Dr. Shaw's place on King street. Here they were examined and their injuries found to be so bad that Humane Officer Helen Wilder was sent for. She arrived at Dr. Shaw's place about 1 o'clock, and after a brief examination, telephoned for Marshal Brown. He could not be found, and so Deputy Marshal Hitchcock was sent for. After a consultation the two officers went down town together and found Marshal Brown at the police station.

Together the three went to Dr. Shaw's and, returning to town, Marshal Brown sent an officer aboard the S. G. Wilder with a penal summons for Captain McNeill to appear in the Police Court before Judge De La Vergne this morning.

An examination of the stalls used in transporting the two injured horses from San Francisco to Honolulu was made by Miss Wilder. She told a reporter for the Advertiser yesterday that the stalls were much too small for the horses, and that the shameful injuries sustained by the two animals was due to no other cause than inadequate space. It must have been a matter of constant galling and irritation all the way down from San Francisco.

"Why," asked Miss Wilder, "were the other horses not injured?" Simply because they were smaller and had adequate room in the stalls. When I called at Dr. Shaw's one horse was walking about the yard very slowly, and as if suffering from great pain. The other had been put into a sling and dosed up with morphine to keep away to some slight degree the awful suffering the poor beast must have experienced. This one was shot during the night. Someone ought to be punished for this piece of cruelty to animals, and I shall do all in my power to see that whoever is responsible is brought to justice. Abuse of a dumb creature is something that no one should stand."

Captain McNeill was seen Sunday afternoon, and in answer to a question regarding the injured horses, answered by showing the reporter his live-stock contract, a clause of which reads as follows:

"The said animals are to be put aboard and taken off said vessel by the shipper and at his sole expense; and it is hereby understood and agreed that the said animals while on board the said vessel are at his sole risk; and the vessel or her owners are in no way liable for any damage by accident that may happen to said animals, however."

Captain McNeill says that the animals were suffering when put aboard his vessel, that no one was sent down to take care of them, that he had very rough weather coming down and that he gave the animals all the care he could.

Give The Court a Chance.

MR. EDITOR—In reference to the report of the complications which have arisen in regard to the landing of the Japanese immigrants now in quarantine, which appeared in your issue of today, and also reports of similar tenor

upcoming in afternoon papers, permit me to suggest that, as the case has been practically before the court since Saturday evening, it would be well to leave the trial and verdict to the proper tribunal. Newspaper trials are never satisfactory, and especially is this the case when the verdict is rendered before the evidence is adduced. This suggestion is also most respectfully commended to the consideration of Minister Cooper and other officials who have ventured ex parte testimony to the newspapers. Yours respectfully,

W. J. GALLAGHER.

Honolulu, March 8, 1897.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Otis Spalding Falls Into a Boat and Injures Himself.

It has just come to light that Otis Spalding of Kauai had a very narrow escape from death on his last trip to his home on the W. G. Hall during the morning of February 4th. The steamer had arrived at the landing place of his home during the early morning. Spalding got his traps ready and went to the side of the vessel to get into the boat. Two passengers before him jumped into the boat and were caught and kept from falling by the native sailors. No such good luck for Otis. He jumped and fell headlong in the boat, striking his forehead violently. In an insensible condition he lay in the boat, and grave fears were entertained as to his recovery.

Mr. Spalding was carried to Kealia, where during the whole of that day he remained in a dazed condition. He was no better on the next day, and for a week he suffered agonies. Slowly he began to get better under his physician's care, and now he is almost well again. It was a case of concussion of the brain with Mr. Spalding.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

W. N. Armstrong has decided not to leave for the United States until April 1st.

Alexander Cartwright returned to San Francisco on the Zealandia last night.

The list of officers of the Hawaiian Gazette Company, Limited, for the ensuing year appears in this issue.

B. F. Ehlers & Co. have a large stock of seasonable goods in new patterns and designs. The prices are low. See advertisement in another column.

A circular letter to various singers of the city asking them to become members of the new Choral Society, has been sent out by Minister Cooper.

Castle & Cooke, Limited, are agents for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston, and Etna Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.

Mr. R. C. Burt, editor of one of the leading Melbourne papers, was a passenger to Honolulu on the Zealandia yesterday. He will remain here for a short space.

A birthday party for little Miss Rose Herbert, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. George Herbert, was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Tenney, Makiki, yesterday afternoon.

The Japan Advertiser states that 112 new cases of small-pox were reported in Tokio during the 24 hours of February 10th. Thirty-eight cases were reported February 19th.

The Peru brought 12,000 letters from China and Japan. These were thoroughly fumigated for three hours, the extra precaution in point of length of time of fumigation being on account of the prevalence of smallpox in Japan.

Miss Lina Bogle, a Swiss lady who is traveling around the world, arrived by the Zealandia yesterday, and is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Damon, Chapman Lane. Miss Bogle was last at Sydney. She will remain in Honolulu for a short time.

The ladies of the St. Andrew's Cathedral Sewing Society express too fully their thanks for and appreciation of the kindness of all those who contributed to the success of the fair at the Cathedral last Saturday. The gross receipts amounted to \$744.65 and the expenditure

was \$64.65, leaving a balance on hand of exactly \$700.

A small lot of land on the Government road, near the property recently acquired by the new Oahu Sugar Company, for which \$50 a year rental had been offered, lease to run 15 years, was leased at auction at the Land Office Saturday for \$35 a year.

Plantation managers, heads of families and others will be interested in reading Castle & Cooke's new advertisement this morning. The household supply department of this firm is about as complete as can be. An inspection of the many useful articles is desired by the management.

A slight buggy accident befall Miss Ide and Mrs. Strong on Tuesday last.

They were driving, when the horse fell, causing both of them to be thrown out.

Mrs. Strong received some slight bruises, but beyond the shock, no serious injury resulted.

At a meeting of Company C last night J. A. Gonsalves was elected captain on the second ballot. The other candidates were: W. E. Rowell, G. W. King and Ernest Silva. Mr. Rowell was not aware that he was to run until during the afternoon. On the first ballot Mr. Rowell had 15 votes to Mr. Gonsalves' 19.

No freight will be received after 4 p.m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the landing to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Livestock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of purser.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

C. L. WIGHT, President.

S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

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AUCKLAND MAIL

Much Talk of Transferring New Zealand Terminus.

CITY OF WELLINGTON PROPOSED

Three Californians Wheel Up Kilauea.

Campaign Against Saloons Opened In Oakland By Many Ministers.

In an editorial published February 10, the New Zealand Herald discusses the question of shifting the mail line of steamers from Auckland to Wellington, and sets forth the advantages derived from maintaining the present service. The editorial states that the question of the trans-Pacific mail service is being revived from different quarters, and there is considerable likelihood that ere long it will be in evidence as a disturbing factor in politics. It is a subject of interest to those who still hope to see an alternative service with Vancouver established by a subsidy from the Parliament of New Zealand, and it is becoming again a subject of discussion to some of our friends in the South, who are desirous of seeing the port of call from the San Francisco route shifted from Auckland. The service as hitherto conducted has generally fulfilled the conditions so well that an alteration in either of these directions cannot be maintained on the grounds of anything of the nature of inefficiency or failure. But Auckland, in common with a large part of the rest of the colony, has not favored a subsidy towards the establishment, encouragement and improvement of the new service, believing that the existing San Francisco service would be more beneficial and less costly to the colony.

The Herald says that judging from the conduct of the service in the past it has taken two days longer on the Wellington route than it has on the Auckland route, and that this should be considered one of the reasons why the present route to Auckland should be continued. The claim that Wellington is nearer Sydney should not be considered a reason for a change, as a wide detour must be made to approach Wellington.

The Herald continues: Indeed, it may with safety be said that the Australian authorities could never be induced to grant any financial assistance to a service making a wide detour from the direct line by which the mails should travel. It may be confidently anticipated that, should even the promoters of the alternative service by Vancouver elect to make Wellington the port of New Zealand call, this would not be regarded in New South Wales as meeting the conditions requisite on which the colony's subsidy of £10,000 a year is given to the Vancouver mail service. Geography appears to have definitely settled the question of the New Zealand port of call in any Australian trans-Pacific service, and the dictum is not to be reversed either by controversy or local claims.

HARDY WHEELMEN.

Tourist From California Climbs Kilauea.

The call of a recent date says that word has just been received in San Francisco of the adventures of three well-known young wheelmen of this City and Oakland who recently started on a tour of the world with their wheels and plenty of money to carry them through should their bikes not bring them funds to defray expenses.

They are Harry R. Postwick of the and Harry Arthur of the Reliance Club. Their primary object was pleasure, but it was intended when the Bay City Wheelmen and Charles Bain started to give exhibitions whenever the opportunity offered.

The first two landed at Honolulu, where they astonished the natives by their rapid riding, and then they journeyed to the main island of Hawaii and performed the unprecedented feat of climbing to the crater of Kilauea on their steel steeds.

CAMPAIGN OPENED.

Saloons Attacked From Pulpits of Many Churches.

The call, in its Oakland letter of Feb. 21, says: The campaign against the saloons was actively commenced from the pulpits of this city today. Being disappointed at having the Sunday-closing question eliminated from the ballot to be used next month the pastors and Christian Endeavorers have decided to secure as large a vote as possible on the matter of absolute prohibition that will be voted upon.

Today Rev. Robert Whitaker of the Twenty-third avenue Baptist Church, Rev. Dr. Kunner of the First Methodist, Rev. Mr. Sutherland of the Tenth-avenue Baptist—all referred to the matter and urged an active campaign against the saloons, so that a vote would show the Council just how the public feeling stands.

Rev. Dr. Coyle of the First Presbyterian Church had announced that he would handle the matter at length, and his church was crowded this morning.

BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

Non-Partisan Body Starts Memorial to Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The National Business Men's League, composed of non-partisan business men throughout the United States, has sub-

mited to the Ways and Means Committee through John W. Dill of the Chicago General Council a statement embodying their views on tariff legislation. Among other things they say:

The league being in favor of taking the tariff out of politics favors the establishment of a new department of the Government, to be designated as the Department of Commerce and Industry, and of a tariff bureau in that department, which, after the present revision, shall investigate and report on all complicated changes in the tariff before action by Congress; and we believe that this bureau should be composed of non-partisan experts of such character and reputation that their report on each schedule or subject investigated by them will be conclusive as to facts and influential in decision.

FIRST BATTALION

Wins Shooting Contest at Butts on Saturday.

Only Five Points Difference—Sam Johnson Makes Record Score. Return Match.

The great 30-man shoot between the First and Second Battalions, N. G. H., took place at the butts Saturday, and resulted in a victory for the First by five points. The day was all that could be desired, and the usual good feeling among the members prevailed.

The team of the First Battalion was commanded by Captain Coyne, and that of the Second by Lieutenant Ludwig. Notwithstanding the excellent day and the continued practice the men had, the scores were poor. Company B, for instance, which formerly shot up to 408, fell below the 400 line in this match. Sam Johnson, however, made the best score that has ever been shot in a match. He piled up 48 Creedmoor. Captain Wall has done better than this in practice, but never in a contest.

Three men made misses which are easily accounted for. Private Ewing fired at No. 6 target instead of No. 7. The misses against Privates Vida and Frasher were through split bullets.

There was a great deal of interest manifested in the shoot, and Major Jones claims that his men were laboring under peculiar disadvantages, which they can overcome in another match. With confidence in his heart, he has sent the following:

"Maj. George McLeod, Commanding First Battalion, National Guard Hawaii:

"Sir.—Today's match having been decided in favor of the First Battalion, allow me to congratulate you, and ask for a return match, to be held March 20, 1897."

"Yours, etc., J. W. JONES,
Major Second Battalion, N. G. H.
Honolulu, March 6, 1897."

There is no doubt the challenge will be accepted today.

Following are the scores:

FIRST BATTALION.

Company A—

Bortfield ... 3 5 5 4 4 4 3 5 3 4— 49
Peterson ... 4 3 5 3 4 4 4 4 4— 39

Company B—

Riley ... 4 5 5 5 4 4 4 5 5 4— 45
Hagerup ... 4 3 4 5 4 5 5 5 4— 41

Olsen ... 4 5 4 5 4 4 4 4 3 4— 41
Giles ... 3 4 4 5 4 4 4 3 4 5— 40

Lewis ... 4 4 4 3 5 5 4 5 3 3— 40
White ... 3 4 3 5 4 4 4 5 3 3— 38

Cummings ... 4 5 2 4 4 5 4 4 3 4— 37
Ewing ... 4 4 5 5 4 0 4 4 3 4— 37

Schofeld ... 3 4 3 0 4 4 5 4 4 4— 35
Frasher ... 4 4 3 3 4 5 0 5 4 3— 35

Company F—

Johnson ... 5 5 5 5 4 4 5 5 5 5— 48
Ludwig ... 4 4 4 4 3 5 5 4 5— 43

Luahiwia ... 4 3 4 4 5 5 4 4 4— 44
Duvauchelle ... 4 5 4 3 4 5 4 5 4— 44

Peterson ... 4 4 4 4 4 3 4 4 4 5— 40
Vollberg ... 4 3 4 4 4 5 4 4 4— 40

Hanewald ... 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4— 38
Kilby ... 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 4— 38

Bechert ... 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3— 37
Mulleitner ... 2 4 3 4 3 4 4 5 4— 37

Company G—

Rose ... 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 4 4— 44
Mahoney ... 4 4 4 4 5 5 4 5 4— 43

Rose ... 4 4 4 4 5 5 4 5 4— 42
Morse ... 5 5 4 4 5 4 5 0 5 4— 41

Wilcox ... 4 3 4 4 4 5 3 4 5 4— 40
Kullke ... 4 4 3 5 4 4 5 3 4 4— 40

Nakluna ... 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4— 39
Sherwood ... 3 3 3 4 4 5 4 4 4— 38

Total ... 1,201

SECOND BATTALION.

Company C—

Camara ... 5 4 3 4 5 5 4 4 4 5— 43
Ferreira ... 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 4— 41

Speckman ... 5 4 4 3 5 3 3 4 4 4— 39

Company D—

Johnson ... 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 3 5— 43
Gere ... 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 4 4— 42

Burnette ... 3 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 4— 42
Harris ... 4 3 4 4 5 4 4 4 4— 41

Lemon ... 4 3 4 4 5 4 5 4 4— 41
Buchanan ... 4 3 4 4 3 5 5 4 4— 41

Smith ... 5 5 3 4 4 4 4 4 4— 41
Cook ... 3 4 4 3 4 5 4 4 4— 39

Butler ... 4 5 4 3 4 3 4 4 4— 39

Vida ... 4 4 5 0 5 4 4 4 5— 39

Amark ... 2 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4— 37

Boyd ... 4 5 3 4 3 4 2 4 4— 37

McKinnon ... 3 2 4 4 4 3 4 4 3— 35

Macy ... 4 3 4 2 3 4 4 4 3— 34

Company E—

Moore ... 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 4 4 5— 44

Coyne ... 5 4 4 4 5 4 5 4 4— 44

O'Connor ... 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4— 42

Courea ... 4 5 3 4 5 4 4 4 4— 42

Spreat ... 3 4 5 5 3 5 4 4 4— 42

Florrell ... 3 4 4 4 3 4 5 1 4— 40

Miller ... 3 3 4 4 5 5 1 4— 39

Sevbold ... 1 3 3 4 4 4 5 1 4— 39

Winant ... 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 4— 38

Overbeck ... 3 3 4 4 3 4 2 5 1 4— 38

Kelton ... 4 3 3 3 3 4 1 5 4— 36

Taylor ... 2 1 3 3 4 2 4 4 4— 35

Company F—

Carville ... 1 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 4— 42

Total ... 1,195



AN ODD CYLINDRICAL STREET CAR.

A street car that is cylindrical in form and that may be turned into an open car at a moment's notice has recently been invented. The sides, with windows of curved glass, slide up under the roof, just as the curtain of the roll top desk disappears, and a running board drops down below the floor of the car.

KNIGHTS TO DANCE

Pythians of Maui to Celebrate on March 17th.

CHAPTER OF RUNAWAY MISHAPS

Lahaina Church Soon to Be Dedicated.

Wilder Steamship Company Makes Liberal Offer—Shipping Intelligence.

Chinese residents of Maui, will depart for their native land by the China, which leaves Honolulu next week.

The army worm is changing Makawao pastures from green to brown.

S. E. Kalama is now captain of the Makawao police force.

The schooner Letitia Nelson, Rice master, sailed today for San Francisco, loaded with H. C. Co.'s sugar.

During the week the arrivals in the port of Kahului were as follows: The barkentine Planter, Captain Dow, five days from Honolulu; the schooner H. C. Wright, Olsen, master, 25 days from Whatcom, Wash., with lumber for Kahului Railroad Company, and the J. C. Glade, on the 2d from Honolulu.

The Planter will take away Haiku and Paia sugar. A stowaway was arrested aboard this barkentine, and will be returned to Honolulu by today's Clandine. He is a deserter from the May Flint.

The schooner Eva is said to have sighted in the offing.

The weather is still and warm.

Mr. Marsden to Leave.

Mr. Joseph Marsden, the genial Commissioner of Agriculture, leaves for the Coast on the 1st of April by the Monowai, to be gone until the end of June. It is his intention after arriving in San Francisco to spend a week with his mother and sister, and then make a bee line for the Bartlett springs to recuperate his health. Several weeks will be spent there, and it is hoped the Commissioner will return to his island home full restored to health.

A man stands no chance of being elected to the mayoralty of a city unless he enjoys the confidence and esteem of his neighbors. Geo. W. Humphrey is the popular mayor of Swanton Ohio, and under date of Jan. 17, 1896, he writes as follows: "This is to certify to our appreciation of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My family and neighbors have tested it, and we know it is an excellent remedy for coughs and colds.—George W. Humphrey." Sold by all Druggists and Dealers: Benzon, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

A Central Branch (Kansas) farmer calculates that one hen is nearly equal to an acre of land as an investment. He figures that whereas an acre of ground produces in a year 20 bushels of corn, worth \$2, the hen, which costs less to take care of, lays 10 dozen eggs, worth \$1.50.

J. R. Higby, formerly at Spreckelsville, is now at Kalauanui. O. G. Gilhus, recently in charge, will soon take up a permanent residence on his flourishing coffee plantation in Kona.

There was quite a chapter of accidents in Makawao last Saturday, February 27th. A horse, belonging to Mrs. Henry Robinson, took fright and ran away, throwing both the lady and little girl into the road, and hanging the brake upon the wire fence. The horse was found in the cane field below the Paia Foreign Church. No serious injuries. The same evening, while H. A. and B. D. Baldwin were driving to Kalauanui, the horse, Kalauakau, took fright at something when near Punalooma, whirled suddenly around and ran fiercely down the hills Haukuward. B. D. Baldwin was thrown out when the horse turned, but H. A. Baldwin held the lines for a mile or more, and was found later by his cousin lying insensible in the road. He was badly shaken up, and has been confined to the house during the week.

The dedication of the new Wainee Church of Lahaina will take place the 18th of April, and an island native Sunday School convention will convene in the church on the 20th of the same month. It is stated that the Wilder Steamship Company has generously offered to convey Wailuku, Makawao and Hana Sunday School members to and fro free of charge



A pretty lavender dinner to Miss McGrew, her bridesmaids and Dr. Cooper, was given by Mrs. Tenny at her home on the Plains, Thursday. The beauty of the table decorations and their daintiness of touch went far toward enhancing the enjoyment of a thoroughly enjoyable dinner. The center piece was a cut-glass vase of lavender orchids and maiden hair in a large true lovers knot of ribbon of an exact hue with the orchids. The ends of this knot ran out to the corners and hung gracefully over. At either end of the table were other and smaller vases of orchids. The two candelabras, with white and lavender shades, added another charm to the decorations. The dinner cards were tender true lovers' knots, bearing the names of the guests in silver letters. Over the entire table was a sprinkling of ronds of the maiden hair fern. The guests were: Miss McGrew, Miss Paauhi Judd, Miss Widdifield, Miss Spalding, Dr. C. B. Cooper, Walter Dillingham and Mr. George C. Potter.

At the Wilder home, Waikiki, Miss Helen Wilder gave a little dance last night in honor of Messrs. Frank Unger, Jerome Hart, Harry Gilig, Donald DeV. Graham and Alex. Hamilton. Dancing was the order of the evening. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Wight, Dr. and Mrs. Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Brown, Mrs. Noonan, Mrs. Tenny, Mrs. Beckley, Miss Lila Wilder, Miss Dickson, Miss Roth, Miss Vida, the Misses McIntyre, Mr. Phelps, Mr. Sawyer and Mr. Lansdale of the U. S. S. Alert, Dr. M. E. Grossman, Mr. Jack Low, Mr. Sam Woods, Mr. Frank McIntyre, Mr. Charles Hyde, Mr. R. W. Shingle, Mr. H. Lewis, Mr. F. Lewis and Mr. Frank Vida.

Mrs. Walker and Mrs. Hitchcock, two society ladies from Chicago together with Mrs. C. B. Wood, paid a visit to the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Ena yesterday morning for the purpose of seeing some of the beauties of the beach and experiencing the charm of living near the ocean. The ladies have been in the city several weeks and intend to leave for the Orient on the 11th. They are more than pleased with what they have seen of the Paradise of the Pacific and say that they intend telling all their friends so that they may be induced to make a visit here.

Judge W. Austin Whiting gave a polo luncheon to Messrs. Walter and Herbert Austin at his home in Paiau Wednesday. Besides the guests of honor there were present Chief Justice and Mrs. A. F. Judd, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Parker, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Brown, Mrs. C. O. Berger, Mrs. Birmingham, Mrs. Norrie, Miss Maggie Walker, Miss Agnes Walker, the Misses Afong, Count Theo. di Kergorlay, Mr. W. Porter Boyd, Edward Dowsett and W. Sprout.

While Professor and Mrs. Webber and Mrs. Maxwell were in Hilo they visited Kaineh, the seaside home of Mrs. Jules Richardson where they were delightfully entertained by that lady. Professor and Mrs. Webber expressed themselves as a charmed with Hilo and her seaside retreats where rest and comfort seemed to lurk on every hand. Just across a narrow strip of water lay Cocoanut Island which also had its charms for the visitors.

On Tuesday Mrs. Willis gave an afternoon tea for the ladies who had charge of the St. Andrew's Cathedral fair which took place last Saturday. On account of the Conradt-Widemann nuptials, Mrs. Willis was disappointed in not having all the ladies with her. Among those present were Mrs. James Campbell, Mrs. Geo. Smithies, Mrs. G. D. Freeth, Mrs. Pierre Jones, Mrs. Wray Taylor, Miss McIntyre and the Misses Harrison.

Mrs. Flanders and the Misses Flan- ders left on the Zealandia last night for their home in Portland, Oregon. The ladies have been here for about four months, and during that time have become so attached to the place as to think of returning next year. While in Honolulu they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Effinger.

Messrs. Herbert and Walter Austin of Boston, Mass., returned to their home on the Zealandia last night. They were laden with leis and bouquets as tokens of aloha from their lady friends. While here they were the guests of Mr. P. C. Jones.

Miss Edith Mist will leave for Victoria, B. C., on the 21st, leaving Honolulu April 24th. She will go on to England, remaining there with differ-

etc. The pupils of St. Andrew's Priory also attended in a body. The Can- dial churchwarden, Messrs. H. H. Smith and Edw. Stiles acted as ushers. When the body arrived at the church enclosed in a very handsome case it was met at the front entrance by the Rev. V. H. Kitcat who conducted the service.

The sentences beginning, "I am the resurrection and the life" were read as the body was carried to the chancel and laid in the center of the beautiful floral offerings. The Psalm was intoned, after which the surprised choristers of boys and men sang very effectively the hymn "When our heads are bowed with woe." Mr. Wray Taylor accompanying on the organ. The lesson was read, then the hymn "Brief life is here our portion" finished the service at the Cathedral. As the remains were slowly carried out to the hearse to be taken to their final resting place, the strains of "Home sweet, home" were heard from the organ. The interment was at Nuuanu cemetery.

The pall bearers were: Messrs. Samuel Parker, W. Porter Boyd, John S. Walker, C. P. Iaukea, W. C. Sprout, L. M. Vettesen, H. M. Whitney, Jr. and L. Hart.

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HAGEY SOCIAL CLUB.

Gives a Very Pleasant Entertainment on Saturday Night.

The members of the Hagey Social Club and their friends to the number of about 50, gathered in the institute rooms on Hotel street Saturday night for the enjoyment of one of the good times for which the club is becoming so well known.

An original poem by J. T. Stewart was read by that gentleman himself, to

Mrs. F. M. Swanzy gave a luncheon at her home, Beretania street, Tuesday, in honor of Mrs. Walker and Mrs. Hitchcock of Chicago. There were present Mrs. A. F. Judd, Mrs. H. A. P. Carter, Mrs. James Hyde Pratt, Mrs. F. R. Day, Mrs. C. B. Wood and Miss Paauhi Judd.

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Mrs. F. A. Schaefer gave a children's party at her Waikiki home Saturday, as is usual with everything given by Mrs. Schaefer, the affair was all that could be desired and the children had a day of unalloyed pleasure.

Mrs. Higgins gave an evening at her home, King street, Tuesday. Her guests were Mrs. C. M. Fairchild, Miss S. E. Beesley of Texas, Mr. J. Travis and Mr. S. E. Laidley.

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At the coffin resting on the floor was a pillow of yellow flowers. Near the lectern in a prominent position stood a broken column some six feet high of white carnations, while near by was a lovely bank of marguerites with the letter A, in red asters in the center.

There were several hearts of marguerites, crosses in purple asters, leis of all kinds and numberless bouquets of the choicest flowers. A few minutes after three o'clock the mournful procession arrived at the Cathedral where was assembled a large congregation, the church being completely filled.

Among those occupying front seats were T. R. Walker, British Vice-Consul and Mrs. Walker, Senhor Caravaro, Portuguese Commissioner, Mons. Vizavona, French Chancellor, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Schaefer, Mrs. Haalelea, C. A. Brown and wife, J. M. Dowsett and wife, F. W. Macfarlane and wife, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Tenney, Mr. and Mrs. Lishman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lucas,

etc. The pupils of St. Andrew's Priory also attended in a body. The Can- dial churchwarden, Messrs. H. H. Smith and Edw. Stiles acted as ushers. When the body arrived at the church enclosed in a very handsome case it was met at the front entrance by the Rev. V. H. Kitcat who conducted the service.

The sentences beginning, "I am the resurrection and the life" were read as the body was carried to the chancel and laid in the center of the beautiful floral offerings. The Psalm was intoned, after which the surprised choristers of boys and men sang very effectively the hymn "When our heads are bowed with woe." Mr. Wray Taylor accompanying on the organ. The lesson was read, then the hymn "Brief life is here our portion" finished the service at the Cathedral. As the remains were slowly carried out to the hearse to be taken to their final resting place, the strains of "Home sweet, home" were heard from the organ. The interment was at Nuuanu cemetery.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Friday, March 5.

Stmr Noeau, Pederson, from Kauai.
Stmr Kauai, Bruhn, from Kauai ports.

Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Oahu ports.

O. S. S. Zealandia, Hayward, from the Colonies.

Stmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kauai.

Stmr James Makee, Tullett, from Kauai.

Stmr Kilaua Hou, Freeman, from Hawaii ports.

Am ship E. B. Sutton, Carter, 16 days from San Francisco.

Saturday, March 6.

Am bktne S. G. Wilder, McNeill, from San Francisco.

Stmr Iwaiwani, Gregory, from Hawaii and Maui.

Stmr Waleale, Parker, from Lahaina.

Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, from Kauai ports.

Stmr Mokohi, Nielsen, from Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

Sunday, March 7.

Stmr Claudine, Cameron, from Maui ports.

Stmr W. G. Hall, Haglund, from Kauai ports.

Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Waiamanalo.

Stmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kauai ports.

Stmr James Makee, Tullett, from Kauai.

Stmr Likelike, Wein, from Hawaii ports.

Am bk Amy Turner, Wallew, 143 days from New York.

Monday, March 8.

P. M. S. S. Peru, Friele, from China and Japan.

Am ship Benj. F. Packard, Dickinson, from Kobe, Japan.

U. S. S. Alert, Hanford, from cruise to Lahaina.

DEPARTURES.

Friday, March 5.

Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Wai-

manalo.

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Stmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Han-

namau.

Sunday, March 7.

Ger ship Marie Hackfeld, Kruse, for San Francisco.

Monday, March 8.

Stmr Waleale, Parker, for Kapaa.

Stmr Kauai, Bruhn, for Makaweli, Waimea and Kekaha.

Stmr Kilauea Hou, Freeman, for Ookala.

Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu ports.

Stmr Kaala, Mosher, for Oahu ports.

Stmr Mokohi, Nielsen, for Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

Stmr Noeau, Pederson, for Kilauea, Kalihiwai and Hanalei.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports at 5 p.m.

Stmr Iwaiwani, Gregory, for Lahaina, Honokaa and Kukuhale at 10 a.m.

Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, for Nawihiwi, Hanamau and Koloa at 2 p.m.

Stmr James Makee, Tullett, for Kauai at 4 p.m.

Stmr W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Eleie, Hanapepe, Makaweli and Nihau at 5 p.m.

Am bk May Flint, Nichols, for New York at 1 p.m.

P. M. S. S. Peru, Friele, for San Francisco at 1 p.m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From Kauai, per stmr Noeau, March 5—Mrs. Yokamaya and six on deck.

From the Colonies, per O. S. S. Zealandia, March 5—Henry Lee and valet, G. M. Knight, Miss Lina Boyle, R. C. Burt and J. E. Champerion.

From Hamakua ports, per stmr Iwaiwani, Mar. 6—A. B. Lindsay and wife, Mr. C. Notley, E. W. Estep and On Ten and wife.

From Kauai ports, per stmr Mikahala, Mar. 6—W. J. Jones, Mrs. Hop Lung and 6 on deck.

From San Francisco, per bktne S. G. Wilder, Mar. 6—August Steward and Thomas B. Kelley.

From Kauai ports, per stmr W. G. Hall, Mar. 7—G. N. Wilcox, A. S. Wilcox, T. N. Birne, Miss S. P. Birne, Mrs. H. Isenberg, C. Omsted, A. H. Turner, C. D. Thomas, J. Campbell, Mrs. K. ake, C. Lai Young and 70 on deck.

From Maui ports per stmr Claudine, Mar. 7—H. P. Baldwin, Mrs. C. Y. Aina, Mrs. E. Coutumanos, Mrs. Dr. Myers, C. A. Spreckels, T. Akanalihii and son, Awana, A. Sinclair, O. G. Gilhus, A. B. Sumner, Aluni, Tong Ho, Miss Emma Akana, Mrs. Hakule, Mrs. Harbottle, Mrs. J. C. Axtell and 2 sons, R. R. Berg, Wm. G. Irwin, O. Omsted, Miss A. Doherty, Master H. Gorman, Wm. White, Miss Ellen White, Miss Perry, Miss Meheula, Goo Lip, Mrs. Tomotoko, F. W. Macfarlane, Theo Hoffman, and 100 on deck.

From China and Japan, per P. M. S. S. Peru, March 8—F. H. Foster, I. Halston, C. C. E. Febiger and Commander Count J. Lebedeff, R. I. N.

Departures.

For San Francisco, per O. S. S. Zealandia, March 5—Mrs. M. L. Flanders and the Misses Flanders, J. J. Worrin, W. S. Worrin, Miss A. Parce, M. C. Prater and wife, J. T. Blake, M. Brasch, Herbert Austin, Walter Austin, R. H. Draper, wife and child, Miss F. Grinnert, B. T. McCullough and William Waterhouse.

IMPORTS.

From the Colonies, per O. S. S. Zealandia, March 5—13 cases beer, 25 cases Old Tom, 30 cases whisky, 30

cases brandy, 96 bales gunnies, 325 cases onions, 261 sacks manure and 28 cases iron, Consignees: Wm. G. Irwin & Co., E. Hoffschlaeger & Co., May & Co., M. McChesney and P. G. Camarino.

EXPORTS.

For San Francisco, per bktne Iringard, March 4—18,920 bags sugar, weighing 2,275,004 lbs, valued at \$59,736.08, and shipped as follows: 3,596 bags by F. A. Schaefer & Co. to Williams, Dimond & Co., 5,400 by Theo. H. Davies & Co., 5,724 by C. Brewer & Co., and 2,189 by Castle & Cooke to Welch & Co.

BORN.

SILVA.—In this city, March 4, 1897, to the wife of A. G. Silva, Jr., a daughter.

METEORLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

	BAROM.	THRM.	WIND.	RUM.
S	28.09 29.99	65 81 00 67	3 NNE	2.1
28.80 (9.30.00)	62 81 00 20	NNE-W		
28.50 (9.32.00)	62 81 00 68	SE-S	2	
28.30 (9.30.00)	67 81 00 66	SW-N	2	
28.00 (9.30.00)	68 81 00 66	NW-NNE	2	
5.30 00 30.01	67 81 00 66	NW-NNE	2	

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

	DAV.	High	Low	Mean	WIND.	WAVE.	SWELL.
Mon.	7.10	11.25	6.00	8.60	2.82		
Tues.	8.28	11.25	6.00	8.60	1.15		
Wed.	9.44	11.25	6.00	8.60	0.18		
Thurs.	10.59	11.25	6.00	8.60	0.15		
Fri.	11.74	11.25	6.00	8.60	0.15		
Sat.	12.89	11.25	6.00	8.60	0.14		
Sun.	1.46	11.25	6.00	8.60	0.14		

Last Quarter of Moon March 25 at 1h. 20m. a.m.

The tides and moon phases are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in the group are in local time, to which the respective corrections to Standard time applicable to each different port should be made.

The Standard time whistle sounds at 12h 0m (midnight), Greenwich time, which is 1h 30m p.m. of Hawaiian Standard time.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

United States Branch Hydrographic Office, Merchants' Exchange.

San Francisco, Cal.

Captains of vessels touching at any of the ports of the Hawaiian Islands, by communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, will be furnished with the Monthly Pilot Charts of the North Pacific, and with the latest information regarding the dangers of navigation in the regions which they frequent.

Nautical inquiries will be investigated and answered.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publications of the Pilot Charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES, Lieutenant, U. S. Navy, In Charge.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The W. G. Hall will call at the Island of Nihau on this trip.

The U. S. S. Alert, Hanford commander, returned from a cruise to Lahaina yesterday morning.

The American ship Benj F. Packard, J. W. Dickinson master, arrived in port yesterday afternoon, 26 days from Kobe, Japan, having left that port on February 6th. During 9 days she was within 300 miles of the Islands. The Packard comes to load sugar for Wm. G. Irwin & Co.

There has been a shifting about of pursers on some of the Inter-Island steamers. Purser Pickard is sick and Henry Crane has taken his place on the Waleale. John Grubé is on the Mikahala, Max Oroy has gone back on the W. G. Hall and Guy Kelly is with his old love, the Kauai again.

The American ship E. B. Sutton, C. O. Carter master, arrived in port late yesterday afternoon, 16 days from San Francisco. She experienced strong southeast and southwest gales on her trip, and passed a three-masted schooner on the same course, off Maui, on the night of March 4th. The Sutton comes to load sugar for New York. Captain Carter has his wife with him.

To show somewhat the work that is being done by the Inter-Island fleet the following summary of sugar brought to Honolulu from Tuesday, Mar. 2 to Sunday Mar. 7, is published: W. G. Hall, 6,385 bags; Mikahala, 4,223; Iwaiwani, 4,928; Kauai, 7,361; Nihau, 8,602; Ke Au Hou, 11,484; Waleale, 9,535; James Makee, 7,669; Kala, 4,050. Total, 64,437 bags.

The American barkentine S. G. Wilder, McNeill master, arrived Saturday morning, 18 days from San Francisco with a cargo of general merchandise and five horses. For the first four days very rough weather was experienced, a southwest gale blowing most of the time. After that the wind abated and pleasant weather to port was the experience of the Wilder.

The P. M. S. S. Peru, Friele commander, arrived in port and hauled in alongside the Pacific Mail wharf about 1 p.m. yesterday. The steamer was put into quarantine immediately, there being 131 Chinese immigrants for this port aboard. The Peru left Yokohama on February 25th, and is one day late on account of very rough weather. At Yokohama the Peru lost two of her propeller blades, but is fixed up all right again.

The O. S. S. Zealandia, Hayward commander, hauled alongside the Pacific Mail wharf about 1 p.m. yesterday.

BY AUTHORITY.

EXECUTIVE NOTICE.

The President directs that notice be given of the appointment of the following

BOARDS OF REGISTRATION:

Island of Oahu:

Henry Davis, Chairman; Joseph M. Camara, Robert Hoapili Baker.

Hilo, Puna and Hamakua, Island of Hawaii:

Erdman D. Baldwin, Chairman; Harry Rycroft, Henry J. Lyman.

Kohala, Kona and Kau, Island of Hawaii:

Henry H. Renton, Chairman; J. K. Nahale, William P. McDougall.

Mai, Molokai, Lanai and Kahoolawe:

F. W. Hardy, Chairman; A. N. Kepolai, Henry A. Baldwin.

Kauai and Nihau:

George H. Fairchild, Chairman; Henry Peters and William H. Rice, Jr.

Executive Building, March 8, 1897.

GEORGE C. POTTER,

1844-3t Secretary Foreign Office.

or destruction of such building by fire, IN THE CIRCUIT COURT. FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Warren Goodale, deceased, intestate.

Petition having been filed by William W. Goodale, son of said intestate, praying that Letters of Administration upon said estate be issued to said William W. Goodale, notice is hereby given that Friday, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed to hearing said petition when and where all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they